



For Release: Thursday, March 10, 2022 22-435-SAN

WESTERN INFORMATION OFFICE: San Francisco, Calif.

Technical information: (415) 625-2270 BLSinfoSF@bls.gov www.bls.gov/regions/west

Media contact: (415) 625-2270

Consumer Price Index, Los Angeles area — February 2022 Area prices were up 0.3 percent over the past month, up 7.4 percent from a year ago

Prices in the Los Angeles area, as measured by the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers (CPI-U), advanced 0.3 percent in February, the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics reported today. (See table A.) Regional Commissioner Chris Rosenlund noted that the February increase was influenced by higher prices for medical care and shelter. (Data in this report are not seasonally adjusted. Accordingly, month-to-month changes may reflect seasonal influences.)

Over the last 12 months, the CPI-U rose 7.4 percent. (See chart 1 and table A.) Food prices increased 7.3 percent. Energy prices jumped 25.7 percent, largely the result of an increase in the price of gasoline. The index for all items less food and energy rose 5.9 percent over the year. (See table 1.)

Chart 1. Over-the-year percent change in CPI-U, Los Angeles-Long Beach-Anaheim, CA, February 2019–February 2022

Month	All items	All items less food and energy
Feb 2019	2.5	2.8
Mar 2019	2.7	2.8
Apr 2019	3.3	3.1
May 2019	3.1	2.9
Jun 2019	3.3	3.5
Jul 2019	3.3	3.4
Aug 2019	3.0	3.4
Sep 2019	3.0	2.8
Oct 2019	3.2	2.8
Nov 2019	3.2	3.0
Dec 2019	3.0	2.9
Jan 2020	3.1	2.7
Feb 2020	3.4	3.1
Mar 2020	1.9	2.1
Apr 2020	0.7	1.7
May 2020	0.9	1.8
Jun 2020	1.4	1.8
Jul 2020	1.9	2.3
Aug 2020	2.0	2.0
Sep 2020	1.2	1.4
Oct 2020	0.7	1.2
Nov 2020	1.0	1.5
Dec 2020	1.5	1.5
Jan 2021	0.9	0.6
Feb 2021	1.0	0.3
Mar 2021	2.2	0.9

Chart 1. Over-the-year percent change in CPI-U, Los Angeles-Long Beach-Anaheim, CA, February 2019–February 2022 - Continued

Month	All items	All items less food and energy
Apr 2021	3.6	1.9
May 2021	3.9	2.1
Jun 2021	4.0	2.3
Jul 2021	3.9	2.3
Aug 2021	4.0	2.3
Sep 2021	4.6	3.0
Oct 2021	5.4	3.4
Nov 2021	6.0	3.6
Dec 2021	6.6	4.4
Jan 2022	7.5	5.5
Feb 2022	7.4	5.9

Food

Food prices increased 0.4 percent for the month of February. (See table 1.) Prices for food at home advanced 1.3 percent, led by the other food at home category (3.4 percent). Prices for food away from home decreased 0.7 percent for the same period.

Over the year, food prices increased 7.3 percent. Prices for food at home advanced 8.4 percent since a year ago, led by higher prices for fruits and vegetables (11.4 percent). Prices for food away from home rose 6.1 percent.

Energy

The energy index declined 0.4 percent over the month. The decrease was mainly due to lower prices for natural gas service (-12.6 percent). Prices for gasoline rose 2.1 percent, while prices for electricity were unchanged for the same period.

Energy prices jumped 25.7 percent over the year, largely due to higher prices for gasoline (32.9 percent). Prices paid for natural gas service rose 19.1 percent, and prices for electricity advanced 13.3 percent during the past year.

All items less food and energy

The index for all items less food and energy rose 0.4 percent in February. Higher prices for household furnishings and operations (2.5 percent), medical care (1.7 percent), and shelter (0.2 percent) were partially offset by lower prices for education and communication (-1.7 percent) and other goods and services (-0.7 percent).

Over the year, the index for all items less food and energy rose 5.9 percent. Components contributing to the increase included new and used motor vehicles (16.7 percent), household furnishings and operations (14.4 percent), recreation (12.9 percent), and shelter (3.8 percent).

Table A. Los Angeles-Long Beach-Anaheim, CA, CPI-U 1-month and 12-month percent changes, all items index, not seasonally adjusted

	2018		2019		2020		2021		2022	
Month	1-month	12- month								
January	0.8	3.5	0.7	3.2	0.8	3.1	0.2	0.9	1.1	7.5
February	0.7	3.6	0.1	2.5	0.3	3.4	0.4	1.0	0.3	7.4
March	0.4	3.8	0.6	2.7	0.7	1.9	0.5	2.2		

Table A. Los Angeles-Long Beach-Anaheim, CA, CPI-U 1-month and 12-month percent changes, all items index, not seasonally adjusted - Continued

	20	2018		2019		2020		2021		2022	
Month	1-month	12- month									
April	0.4	4.0	1.0	3.3	-0.3	0.7	1.1	3.6			
May	0.4	4.1	0.2	3.1	0.4	0.9	0.6	3.9			
June	-0.2	4.0	0.0	3.3	0.5	1.4	0.6	4.0			
July	0.2	3.9	0.1	3.3	0.6	1.9	0.6	3.9			
August	0.2	3.9	0.0	3.0	0.1	2.0	0.2	4.0			
September	0.5	3.9	0.5	3.0	-0.3	1.2	0.3	4.6			
October	0.5	4.1	0.7	3.2	0.2	0.7	0.9	5.4			
November	-0.3	3.6	-0.3	3.2	0.1	1.0	0.6	6.0			
December	-0.3	3.2	-0.6	3.0	-0.2	1.5	0.4	6.6			

The March 2022 Consumer Price Index for the Los Angeles area is scheduled to be released on April 12, 2022

Technical Note

The Consumer Price Index (CPI) is a measures of the average change in prices over time in a fixed market basket of goods and services. The Bureau of Labor Statistics publishes CPIs for two population groups: (1) a CPI for All Urban Consumers (CPI-U) which covers approximately 93 percent of the total U.S. population and (2) a CPI for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers (CPI-W) which covers approximately 29 percent of the total U.S. population. The CPI-U includes, in addition to wage earners and clerical workers, groups such as professional, managerial, and technical workers, the self-employed, short-term workers, the unemployed, and retirees and others not in the labor force.

The CPI is based on prices of food, clothing, shelter, and fuels, transportation fares, charges for doctors' and dentists' services, drugs, and the other goods and services that people buy for day-to-day living. Each month, prices are collected in 75 urban areas across the country from about 6,000 housing units and approximately 22,000 retail establishments—department stores, supermarkets, hospitals, filling stations, and other types of stores and service establishments. All taxes directly associated with the purchase and use of items are included in the index.

The index measures price changes from a designated reference date; for most of the CPI-U the reference base is 1982-84 equals 100. An increase of 7 percent from the reference base, for example, is shown as 107.000. Alternatively, that relationship can also be expressed as the price of a base period market basket of goods and services rising from \$100 to \$107. For further details see the CPI home page on the Internet at www.bls.gov/cpi and the CPI section of the BLS Handbook of Methods available on the internet at www.bls.gov/opub/hom/cpi/.

In calculating the index, price changes for the various items in each location are averaged together with weights that represent their importance in the spending of the appropriate population group. Local data are then combined to obtain a U.S. city average. Because the sample size of a local area is smaller, the local area index is subject to substantially more sampling and other measurement error than the national index. In addition, local indexes are not adjusted for seasonal influences. As a result, local area indexes show greater volatility than the national index, although their long-term trends are quite similar. **NOTE: Area indexes do not measure differences in the level of prices between cities; they only measure the average change in prices for each area since the base period.**

The Los Angeles-Long Beach-Anaheim, CA metropolitan area includes Los Angeles and Orange Counties in California.

Information in this release will be made available to sensory impaired individuals upon request. Voice phone: 202-691-5200; Telecommunications Relay Service: 7-1-1.

302.536

Food

301,208 303,185 304,383 7.3 1.1 0.4

Food at home	₹ 286.611	288.015	291.759	8.4 1.8 1.3
Cereals and bakery products	₹ 290.078	296.314	302.848	9.1 4.4 2.2
Meats, poultry, fish, and eggs	₹ 325.629	324.129	325.612	8.7 0.0 0.5
Dairy and related products	№ 271.117	275.517	275.947	5.5 1.8 0.2
Fruits and vegetables	№ 394.158	402.157	404.906	11.4 2.7 0.7
Nonalcoholic beverages and beverage materials(1)	№ 279.831	283.566	282.701	2.5 1.0 -0.3
Other food at home	№ 218.448	215.473	222.709	9.4 2.0 3.4
Food away from home	₹ 312.385	315.065	312.864	6.1 0.2 -0.7
Alcoholic beverages	₹ 265.933	274.133	275.374	5.6 3.6 0.5
Housing	₩ 339.010	342.609	343.245	5.3 1.2 0.2
Shelter	₩ 386.939	389.034	389.980	3.8 0.8 0.2
Rent of primary residence(2)	№ 410.109	412.811	413.909	3.2 0.9 0.3
Owners' equiv. rent of residences(2)(3)	№ 400.507	402.343	403.608	2.9 0.8 0.3
Owners' equiv. rent of primary residence(1) (2)	₩ 400.484	402.320	403.585	2.9 0.8 0.3
Fuels and utilities	№ 410.184	431.190	419.106	12.5 2.2 -2.8
Household energy	₹ 362.899	388.036	373.176	14.6 2.8 -3.8
Energy services(2)	₹ 361.304	386.330	371.495	14.6 2.8 -3.8
Electricity(2)	№ 417.018	431.726	431.726	13.3 3.5 0.0
Utility (piped) gas service(2)	₹ 295.370	341.285	298.413	19.1 1.0 -12.6
Household furnishings and operations	№ 128.061	131.153	134.455	14.4 5.0 2.5
Apparel	№ 111.021	114.876	117.926	9.9 6.2 2.7

Transportation	№ 245.065	248.434	250.475	18.4 2.2 0.8
Private transportation	№ 248.342	251.853	254.166	19.1 2.3 0.9
New and used motor vehicles(4)	₩ 104.756	107.658	108.029	16.7 3.1 0.3
New vehicles(1)	№ 187.780	192.298	192.755	11.9 2.6 0.2
Used cars and trucks(1)	₩ 389.596	394.543	398.415	39.0 2.3 1.0
Motor fuel	₩ 352.368	351.849	359.445	32.9 2.0 2.2
Gasoline (all types)	₩ 344.224	343.793	351.114	32.9 2.0 2.1
Gasoline, unleaded regular(4)	₩ 345.072	344.611	352.034	33.5 2.0 2.2
Gasoline, unleaded midgrade(4)(5)	₩ 329.435	328.910	335.663	31.6 1.9 2.1
Gasoline, unleaded premium(4)	№ 328.944	328.661	335.327	31.0 1.9 2.0
Medical care	№ 519.176	528.168	537.117	5.9 3.5 1.7
Recreation(6)	№ 113.477	115.722	115.548	12.9 1.8 -0.2
Education and communication(6)	№ 154.360	154.764	152.117	1.5 -1.5 -1.7
Tuition, other school fees, and child care(1)	№ 2,080.565	5 2,080.565	5 2,080.565	5 8.9 0.0 0.0
Other goods and services	₩ 480.834	475.003	471.452	1.0 -2.0 -0.7
Commodity and service group				
All items	₩ 297.925	301.209	302.164	7.4 1.4 0.3
Commodities	₩ 205.130	207.749	209.458	11.4 2.1 0.8
Commodities less food & beverages	₩ 156.057	158.618	160.431	15.3 2.8 1.1
Nondurables less food & beverages	№ 212.342	214.620	218.087	15.8 2.7 1.6
Durables	₩ 101.692	104.066	104.662	14.6 2.9 0.6
Services	₩ 379.713	383.558	383.772	5.3 1.1 0.1

Special aggregate indexes

All items less medical care	№ 288.165	291.214	291.852	7.5 1.3 0.2
All items less shelter	₩ 258.528	262.356	263.316	9.8 1.9 0.4
Commodities less food	№ 160.987	163.729	165.550	14.7 2.8 1.1
Nondurables	₩ 257.565	259.920	262.283	10.6 1.8 0.9
Nondurables less food	№ 218.394	221.071	224.443	14.7 2.8 1.5
Services less rent of shelter(3)	₩ 379.432	386.007	385.112	7.7 1.5 -0.2
Services less medical care services	₩ 366.499	369.899	369.433	5.3 0.8 -0.1
Energy	₩ 358.625	368.430	367.030	25.7 2.3 -0.4
All items less energy	₩ 296.222	299.135	300.237	6.1 1.4 0.4
All items less food and energy	№ 295.428	298.501	299.588	5.9 1.4 0.4

Footnotes

- (1) Indexes on a December 1977=100 base.
- (2) This index series was calculated using a Laspeyres estimator. All other item stratum index series were calculated using a geometric means estimator.
- (3) Indexes on a December 1982=100 base.
- (4) Special index based on a substantially smaller sample.
- (5) Indexes on a December 1993=100 base.
- (6) Indexes on a December 1997=100 base.
- Data not available

NOTE: Index applies to a month as a whole, not to any specific date.







22-435-SAN

WESTERN INFORMATION OFFICE: San Francisco, Calif.

Technical information: (415) 625-2270 BLSinfoSF@bls.gov www.bls.gov/regions/west

Media contact: (415) 625-2270

For Release: Thursday, March 10, 2022

Consumer Price Index, Los Angeles area — February 2022 Area prices were up 0.3 percent over the past month, up 7.4 percent from a year ago

Prices in the Los Angeles area, as measured by the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers (CPI-U), advanced 0.3 percent in February, the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics reported today. (See table A.) Regional Commissioner Chris Rosenlund noted that the February increase was influenced by higher prices for medical care and shelter. (Data in this report are not seasonally adjusted. Accordingly, month-to-month changes may reflect seasonal influences.)

Over the last 12 months, the CPI-U rose 7.4 percent. (See chart 1 and table A.) Food prices increased 7.3 percent. Energy prices jumped 25.7 percent, largely the result of an increase in the price of gasoline. The index for all items less food and energy rose 5.9 percent over the year. (See table 1.)

Chart 1. Over-the-year percent change in CPI-U, Los Angeles-Long Beach-Anaheim, CA, February 2019–February 2022

Month	All items	All items less food and energy
Feb 2019	2.5	2.8
Mar 2019	2.7	2.8
Apr 2019	3.3	3.1
May 2019	3.1	2.9
Jun 2019	3.3	3.5
Jul 2019	3.3	3.4
Aug 2019	3.0	3.4
Sep 2019	3.0	2.8
Oct 2019	3.2	2.8
Nov 2019	3.2	3.0
Dec 2019	3.0	2.9
Jan 2020	3.1	2.7
Feb 2020	3.4	3.1
Mar 2020	1.9	2.1
Apr 2020	0.7	1.7
May 2020	0.9	1.8
Jun 2020	1.4	1.8
Jul 2020	1.9	2.3
Aug 2020	2.0	2.0
Sep 2020	1.2	1.4
Oct 2020	0.7	1.2
Nov 2020	1.0	1.5
Dec 2020	1.5	1.5
Jan 2021	0.9	0.6
Feb 2021	1.0	0.3
Mar 2021	2.2	0.9
Apr 2021	3.6	1.9
May 2021	3.9	2.1
Jun 2021	4.0	2.3
Jul 2021	3.9	2.3
Aug 2021	4.0	2.3
Sep 2021	4.6	3.0
Oct 2021	5.4	3.4
Nov 2021	6.0	3.6
Dec 2021	6.6	4.4
Jan 2022	7.5	5.5
Feb 2022	7.4	5.9

Food

Food prices increased 0.4 percent for the month of February. (See table 1.) Prices for food at home advanced 1.3 percent, led by the other food at home category (3.4 percent). Prices for food away from home decreased 0.7 percent for the same period.

Over the year, food prices increased 7.3 percent. Prices for food at home advanced 8.4 percent since a year ago, led by higher prices for fruits and vegetables (11.4 percent). Prices for food away from home rose 6.1 percent.

Energy

The energy index declined 0.4 percent over the month. The decrease was mainly due to lower prices for natural gas service (-12.6 percent). Prices for gasoline rose 2.1 percent, while prices for electricity were unchanged for the same period.

Energy prices jumped 25.7 percent over the year, largely due to higher prices for gasoline (32.9 percent). Prices paid for natural gas service rose 19.1 percent, and prices for electricity advanced 13.3 percent during the past year.

All items less food and energy

The index for all items less food and energy rose 0.4 percent in February. Higher prices for household furnishings and operations (2.5 percent), medical care (1.7 percent), and shelter (0.2 percent) were partially offset by lower prices for education and communication (-1.7 percent) and other goods and services (-0.7 percent).

Over the year, the index for all items less food and energy rose 5.9 percent. Components contributing to the increase included new and used motor vehicles (16.7 percent), household furnishings and operations (14.4 percent), recreation (12.9 percent), and shelter (3.8 percent).

Table A. Los Angeles-Long Beach-Anaheim, CA, CPI-U 1-month and 12-month percent changes, all items index, not seasonally adjusted

	20	18	20	19	20	20	20	21	20	22
Month	1-month	12- month								
January	0.8	3.5	0.7	3.2	0.8	3.1	0.2	0.9	1.1	7.5
February	0.7	3.6	0.1	2.5	0.3	3.4	0.4	1.0	0.3	7.4
March	0.4	3.8	0.6	2.7	0.7	1.9	0.5	2.2		
April	0.4	4.0	1.0	3.3	-0.3	0.7	1.1	3.6		
May	0.4	4.1	0.2	3.1	0.4	0.9	0.6	3.9		
June	-0.2	4.0	0.0	3.3	0.5	1.4	0.6	4.0		
July	0.2	3.9	0.1	3.3	0.6	1.9	0.6	3.9		
August	0.2	3.9	0.0	3.0	0.1	2.0	0.2	4.0		
September	0.5	3.9	0.5	3.0	-0.3	1.2	0.3	4.6		
October	0.5	4.1	0.7	3.2	0.2	0.7	0.9	5.4		
November	-0.3	3.6	-0.3	3.2	0.1	1.0	0.6	6.0		
December	-0.3	3.2	-0.6	3.0	-0.2	1.5	0.4	6.6		

The March 2022 Consumer Price Index for the Los Angeles area is scheduled to be released on April 12, 2022

Technical Note

The Consumer Price Index (CPI) is a measures of the average change in prices over time in a fixed market basket of goods and services. The Bureau of Labor Statistics publishes CPIs for two population groups: (1) a CPI for All Urban Consumers (CPI-U) which covers approximately 93 percent of the total U.S. population and (2) a CPI for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers (CPI-W) which covers approximately 29 percent of the total U.S. population. The CPI-U includes, in addition to wage earners and clerical workers, groups such as professional, managerial, and technical workers, the self-employed, short-term workers, the unemployed, and retirees and others not in the labor force.

The CPI is based on prices of food, clothing, shelter, and fuels, transportation fares, charges for doctors' and dentists' services, drugs, and the other goods and services that people buy for day-to-day living. Each month, prices are collected in 75 urban areas across the country from about 6,000 housing units and approximately 22,000 retail establishments—department stores, supermarkets, hospitals, filling stations, and other types of stores and service establishments. All taxes directly associated with the purchase and use of items are included in the index.

The index measures price changes from a designated reference date; for most of the CPI-U the reference base is 1982-84 equals 100. An increase of 7 percent from the reference base, for example, is shown as 107.000. Alternatively, that relationship can also be expressed as the price of a base period market basket of goods and services rising from \$100 to \$107. For further details see the CPI home page on the Internet at www.bls.gov/cpi and the CPI section of the BLS Handbook of Methods available on the internet at www.bls.gov/opub/hom/cpi/.

In calculating the index, price changes for the various items in each location are averaged together with weights that represent their importance in the spending of the appropriate population group. Local data are then combined to obtain a U.S. city average. Because the sample size of a local area is smaller, the local area index is subject to substantially more sampling and other measurement error than the national index. In addition, local indexes are not adjusted for seasonal influences. As a result, local area indexes show greater volatility than the national index, although their long-term trends are quite similar. **NOTE: Area indexes do not measure differences in the level of prices between cities; they only measure the average change in prices for each area since the base period.**

The Los Angeles-Long Beach-Anaheim, CA metropolitan area includes Los Angeles and Orange Counties in California.

Information in this release will be made available to sensory impaired individuals upon request. Voice phone: 202-691-5200; Telecommunications Relay Service: 7-1-1.

Food

301,208 303,185 304,383 7,3 1,1 0,4

Food at home	№ 286.611	288.015	291.759	8.4 1.8 1.3
Cereals and bakery products	№ 290.078	296.314	302.848	9.1 4.4 2.2
Meats, poultry, fish, and eggs	№ 325.629	324.129	325.612	8.7 0.0 0.5
Dairy and related products	№ 271.117	275.517	275.947	5.5 1.8 0.2
Fruits and vegetables	№ 394.158	402.157	404.906	11.4 2.7 0.7
Nonalcoholic beverages and beverage materials(1)	№ 279.831	283.566	282.701	2.5 1.0 -0.3
Other food at home	№ 218.448	215.473	222.709	9.4 2.0 3.4
Food away from home	₹ 312.385	315.065	312.864	6.1 0.2 -0.7
Alcoholic beverages	₹ 265.933	274.133	275.374	5.6 3.6 0.5
Housing	₹ 339.010	342.609	343.245	5.3 1.2 0.2
Shelter	₹ 386.939	389.034	389.980	3.8 0.8 0.2
Rent of primary residence(2)	№ 410.109	412.811	413.909	3.2 0.9 0.3
Owners' equiv. rent of residences(2)(3)	№ 400.507	402.343	403.608	2.9 0.8 0.3
Owners' equiv. rent of primary residence(1) (2)	₩ 400.484	402.320	403.585	2.9 0.8 0.3
Fuels and utilities	№ 410.184	431.190	419.106	12.5 2.2 -2.8
Household energy	₹ 362.899	388.036	373.176	14.6 2.8 -3.8
Energy services(2)	₹ 361.304	386.330	371.495	14.6 2.8 -3.8
Electricity(2)	№ 417.018	431.726	431.726	13.3 3.5 0.0
Utility (piped) gas service(2)	№ 295.370	341.285	298.413	19.1 1.0 -12.6
Household furnishings and operations	№ 128.061	131.153	134.455	14.4 5.0 2.5
Apparel	№ 111.021	114.876	117.926	9.9 6.2 2.7

Transportation	№ 245.065	248.434	250.475	18.4 2.2 0.8
Private transportation	№ 248.342	251.853	254.166	19.1 2.3 0.9
New and used motor vehicles(4)	₩ 104.756	107.658	108.029	16.7 3.1 0.3
New vehicles(1)	№ 187.780	192.298	192.755	11.9 2.6 0.2
Used cars and trucks(1)	₩ 389.596	394.543	398.415	39.0 2.3 1.0
Motor fuel	№ 352.368	351.849	359.445	32.9 2.0 2.2
Gasoline (all types)	₩ 344.224	343.793	351.114	32.9 2.0 2.1
Gasoline, unleaded regular(4)	№ 345.072	344.611	352.034	33.5 2.0 2.2
Gasoline, unleaded midgrade(4)(5)	₹ 329.435	328.910	335.663	31.6 1.9 2.1
Gasoline, unleaded premium(4)	₩ 328.944	328.661	335.327	31.0 1.9 2.0
Medical care	₹ 519.176	528.168	537.117	5.9 3.5 1.7
Recreation(6)	₩ 113.477	115.722	115.548	12.9 1.8 -0.2
Education and communication(6)	№ 154.360	154.764	152.117	1.5 -1.5 -1.7
Tuition, other school fees, and child care(1)	№ 2,080.565	5 2,080.565	5 2,080.565	5 8.9 0.0 0.0
Other goods and services	₩ 480.834	475.003	471.452	1.0 -2.0 -0.7
Commodity and service group				
All items	№ 297.925	301.209	302.164	7.4 1.4 0.3
Commodities	₹ 205.130	207.749	209.458	11.4 2.1 0.8
Commodities less food & beverages	№ 156.057	158.618	160.431	15.3 2.8 1.1
Nondurables less food & beverages	₩ 212.342	214.620	218.087	15.8 2.7 1.6
Durables	₩ 101.692	104.066	104.662	14.6 2.9 0.6
Services	₹ 379.713	383.558	383.772	5.3 1.1 0.1

Special aggregate indexes

All items less medical care	₩ 288.165	291.214	291.852	7.5 1.3 0.2
All items less shelter	₩ 258.528	262.356	263.316	9.8 1.9 0.4
Commodities less food	№ 160.987	163.729	165.550	14.7 2.8 1.1
Nondurables	₩ 257.565	259.920	262.283	10.6 1.8 0.9
Nondurables less food	№ 218.394	221.071	224.443	14.7 2.8 1.5
Services less rent of shelter(3)	₩ 379.432	386.007	385.112	7.7 1.5 -0.2
Services less medical care services	₩ 366.499	369.899	369.433	5.3 0.8 -0.1
Energy	₩ 358.625	368.430	367.030	25.7 2.3 -0.4
All items less energy	₩ 296.222	299.135	300.237	6.1 1.4 0.4
All items less food and energy	№ 295.428	298.501	299.588	5.9 1.4 0.4

Footnotes

NOTE: Index applies to a month as a whole, not to any specific date.

⁽¹⁾ Indexes on a December 1977=100 base.

⁽²⁾ This index series was calculated using a Laspeyres estimator. All other item stratum index series were calculated using a geometric means estimator.

⁽³⁾ Indexes on a December 1982=100 base.

⁽⁴⁾ Special index based on a substantially smaller sample.

⁽⁵⁾ Indexes on a December 1993=100 base.

⁽⁶⁾ Indexes on a December 1997=100 base.

⁻ Data not available